OKLAHOMA STATE SENATE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Pre	May 25, 2023
Mr. Spe	eaker:
The Co	nference Committee, to which was referred
	<u>SB750</u>
Ву:	Montgomery of the Senate and Martinez and Fetgatter of the House
Title:	Revenue and taxation; tax credits; medical research activities; vision research. Effective da
	r with Engrossed House Amendments thereto, beg leave to report that we have had the nder consideration and herewith return the same with the following recommendations:
1. C	conferees unable to agree.
	Respectfully submitted,
	SENATE CONFEREES:
_	They
Montgo	Howard O
wontgq	Harle Hells Some
Rader	Daniels
	Stewart
	HOUSE CONFEREES:
	General Conference Committee on Appropriations

Senate Action_____Date___

House Action_____Date__

1	ENGROSSED HOUSE AMENDMENT TO
2	ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 750 By: Montgomery of the Senate
3	and
4	Fetgatter of the House
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7	[sales tax - exemptions for manufacturing - commercial mining of digital assets - effective date]
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LO	AUTHOR: Remove Representative Fetgatter as principal House author and substitute with Representative Martinez
L1	Add the following House coauthor: Fetgatter
L2	
L3	AMENDMENT NO. 1. Strike the stricken title, enacting clause, and entire bill and insert:
L 4	
L5	
L 6	"[revenue and taxation - tax credits - medical
L7	research activities - effective date]
L8	
L 9	
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
21	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2357.45, is
22	amended to read as follows:
23	Section 2357.45 A. 1. For tax years beginning after December
24	31, 2004, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section

2 2355 of this title, a credit for any taxpayer who makes a donation
2 to an independent biomedical research institute and for tax years
3 beginning after December 31, 2010, a credit for any taxpayer who
4 makes a donation to a cancer research institute and for tax years
5 beginning after December 31, 2023, a credit for any taxpayer who
6 makes a donation to a vision research institute.

- 2. The credit authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be limited as follows:
 - a. for calendar year 2007 2024 and all subsequent years, the credit percentage, not to exceed fifty percent (50%), shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimate of the credits does not exceed Two Six Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) (\\$6,000,000.00) annually. The formula to be used for the percentage adjusted shall be fifty percent (50%) times One Two Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) (\\$2,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to an independent biomedical research institute and fifty percent (50%) times One Two Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) (\$2,000,000.00)divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to a cancer research institute and fifty percent (50%) times Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the

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preceding year for each donation to a vision research institute,

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- in no event shall a taxpayer claim more than one b. credit for a donation to any independent biomedical research institute and one credit for a donation to a cancer research institute and one credit for a donation to a vision research institute in each taxable year nor shall the credit exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer for each type of donation a single individual, Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for married individuals filing jointly, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) for any taxpayer that is a legal business entity including limited and general partnerships, corporations, subchapter S corporations and limited liability companies. The dollar amounts for limiting the tax credits as described by this subparagraph shall be applicable to each type of taxpayer for each one of such tax credits and shall not be a limitation on the aggregate total of all such credits that may be claimed for any single tax year,
- c. for tax year 2011, no more than Fifty Thousand Dollars
 (\$50,000.00) in total tax credits for donations to a
 cancer research institute shall be allowed,

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- d. in no event shall more than fifty percent (50%) one—
 third (1/3) of the Two Six Million Dollars

 (\$2,000,000.00) (\$6,000,000.00) in total tax credits
 authorized by this section, for any calendar year
 after the effective date of this act, be allocated for
 credits for donations to a cancer research institute
 or be allocated for credits for donations to a vision
 research institute, and
- е. in the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed One Two Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) (\$2,000,000.00) in any calendar year for either a vision research institute or a cancer research institute or an independent biomedical research institute, the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One Two Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) (\\$2,000,000.00) but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years for that type of donation. However, any such adjustment to the formula for donations to an independent biomedical research institute shall not affect the formula for donations to a cancer research institute or a vision research institute, and any such adjustment to the formula for donations to a cancer research institute shall not affect the formula for

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donations to an independent biomedical research institute or a vision research institute, and any such adjustment to the formula for donations to a vision research institute shall not affect the formula for donations to an independent biomedical research institute or a cancer research institute.

- 3. For purposes of this section, "independent biomedical research institute" means an Oklahoma organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3) whose primary focus is conducting peer-reviewed basic biomedical research. The organization shall:
 - a. have a board of directors,
 - b. be able to accept grants in its own name,
 - c. be an identifiable institute that has its own employees and administrative staff, and
 - d. receive at least Fifteen Million Dollars (\$15,000,000.00) in National Institute <u>Institutes</u> of Health funding each year.
- 4. For purposes of this section, "cancer research institute" means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and education or a not-for-profit supporting

organization, as that term is defined by the Internal Revenue Code, affiliated with a tax-exempt organization whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and education. The tax-exempt organization whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and education shall:

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- either be an independent research institute or a program that is part of a state university which is a member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, and
- b. receive at least Four Million Dollars (\$4,000,000.00) in National Cancer Institute funding each year.
- 5. For purposes of this section, "vision research institute"

 means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the

 Internal Revenue Code with a focus on raising the standard of

 clinical vision care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed vision

 research and education or a not-for-profit supporting organization,

 as that term is defined by the Internal Revenue Code, affiliated

 with a tax-exempt organization with a focus on raising the standard

 of clinical vision care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed vision

 research and education. The tax-exempt organization with a focus on

 raising the standard of clinical vision care in Oklahoma through

 peer-reviewed vision research and education shall:

1	<u>a.</u>	either be an independent research institute or an
2		organization that is affiliated with a state
3		university which is a member of The Oklahoma State
4		System of Higher Education,
5	<u>b.</u>	have a board of directors,
6	<u>C.</u>	be able to accept donations in its own name or the
7		name of its supporting organization,
8	<u>d.</u>	be an identifiable institute that has its own
9		employees and administrative staff, and
10	<u>e.</u>	be involved in the conduct of research funded by the
11		National Institutes of Health at a minimum level of
12		Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) each year.
13	B. In no	event shall the amount of the credit exceed the amount
14	of any tax li	ability of the taxpayer.
15	C. Any c	redits allowed but not used in any tax year may be
16	carried over,	in order, to each of the four (4) years following the
17	year of quali	fication.
18	D. The T	ax Commission shall have the authority to prescribe
19	forms for pur	poses of claiming the credit authorized by this
20	section.	
21	SECTION 2	. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023."
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1	Passed the House of Representatives the 27th day of April, 2023.
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4	Presiding Officer of the House of
5	Representatives
6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2023.
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9	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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1 ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 750 By: Montgomery of the Senate 2 and 3 Fetgatter of the House 4 5 [sales tax - exemptions for manufacturing -6 commercial mining of digital assets - effective date] 7 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 10 SECTION 3. 68 O.S. 2021, Section 1359, is 11 AMENDATORY 12 amended to read as follows: Section 1359. Exemptions - Manufacturing. 13 There are hereby specifically exempted from the tax levied by 14 Section 1350 et seg. of this title: 15 Sales of goods, wares, merchandise, tangible personal 16 property, machinery and equipment to a manufacturer for use in a 17 manufacturing operation. Goods, wares, merchandise, property, 18 machinery and equipment used in a nonmanufacturing activity or 19 process as set forth in paragraph 14 of Section 1352 of this title 20 shall not be eligible for the exemption provided for in this 21 subsection by virtue of the activity or process being performed in 22 conjunction with or integrated into a manufacturing operation. 23 24

For the purposes of this paragraph, sales made to any person, firm or entity that has entered into a contractual relationship for the construction and improvement of manufacturing goods, wares, merchandise, property, machinery and equipment for use in a manufacturing operation shall be considered sales made to a manufacturer which is defined or classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Manual under Industry Group No. 324110. Such purchase shall be evidenced by a copy of the sales ticket or invoice to be retained by the vendor indicating that the purchases are made for and on behalf of such manufacturer and set out the name of such manufacturer as well as include a copy of the Manufacturing Exemption Permit of the manufacturer. Any person who wrongfully or erroneously certifies that purchases are being made on behalf of such manufacturer or who otherwise violates this paragraph shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined an amount equal to double the amount of sales tax involved or incarcerated for not more than sixty (60) days or both;

- 2. Ethyl alcohol when sold and used for the purpose of blending same with motor fuel on which motor fuel tax is levied by Section 500.4 of this title;
- 3. Sales of containers when sold to a person regularly engaged in the business of reselling empty or filled containers or when purchased for the purpose of packaging raw products of farm, garden, or orchard for resale to the consumer or processor. This exemption

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1 shall not apply to the sale of any containers used more than once 2 and which are ordinarily known as returnable containers, except returnable soft drink bottles and the cartons, crates, pallets, and 3 containers used to transport returnable soft drink bottles. Each 4 5 and every transfer of title or possession of such returnable containers in this state to any person who is not regularly engaged 6 in the business of selling, reselling or otherwise transferring empty or filled containers shall be taxable under this Code. 9 Additionally, this exemption shall not apply to the sale of labels or other materials delivered along with items sold but which are not 10 necessary or absolutely essential to the sale of the sold 11 12 merchandise:

- 4. Sales of or transfers of title to or possession of any containers, after June 30, 1987, used or to be used more than once and which are ordinarily known as returnable containers and which do or will contain beverages defined by paragraphs 4 and 14 of Section 506 of Title 37 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or water for human consumption and the cartons, crates, pallets, and containers used to transport such returnable containers;
- 5. Sale of tangible personal property when sold by the manufacturer to a person who transports it to a state other than Oklahoma for immediate and exclusive use in a state other than Oklahoma. Provided, no sales at a retail outlet shall qualify for the exemption under this paragraph;

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- 6. Machinery, equipment, fuels and chemicals or other materials incorporated into and directly used or consumed in the process of treatment to substantially reduce the volume or harmful properties of hazardous waste at treatment facilities specifically permitted pursuant to the Oklahoma Hazardous Waste Management Act and operated at the place of waste generation, or facilities approved by the Department of Environmental Quality for the cleanup of a site of contamination. The term "hazardous" waste may include low-level radioactive waste for the purpose of this paragraph;
- 7. Except as otherwise provided by subsection I of Section 3658 of this title pursuant to which the exemption authorized by this paragraph may not be claimed, sales of tangible personal property to a qualified manufacturer or distributor to be consumed or incorporated in a new manufacturing or distribution facility or to expand an existing manufacturing or distribution facility. For purposes of this paragraph, sales made to a contractor or subcontractor that has previously entered into a contractual relationship with a qualified manufacturer or distributor for construction or expansion of a manufacturing or distribution facility shall be considered sales made to a qualified manufacturer or distributor. For the purposes of this paragraph, "qualified manufacturer or distributor" means:
 - a. any manufacturing enterprise whose total cost of construction of a new or expanded facility exceeds the

sum of Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) and in which at least one hundred (100) new full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, are added and maintained for a period of at least thirty-six (36) months as a direct result of the new or expanded facility,

- b. any manufacturing enterprise whose total cost of construction of a new or expanded facility exceeds the sum of Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) and the combined cost of construction material, machinery, equipment and other tangible personal property exempt from sales tax under the provisions of this paragraph exceeds the sum of Fifty Million Dollars (\$50,000,000.00) and in which at least seventy-five (75) new full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, are added and maintained for a period of at least thirty-six (36) months as a direct result of the new or expanded facility,
- c. any manufacturing enterprise whose total cost of construction of an expanded facility exceeds the sum of Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) and in which the manufacturer has and maintains an average

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employment level of at least one thousand seven hundred fifty (1,750) full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Employment Security Commission, or

any enterprise primarily engaged in the general wholesale distribution of groceries defined or classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Manual under Industry Groups No. 4244 and 4245 and which has at least seventy-five percent (75%) of its total sales to instate customers or buyers and whose total cost of construction of a new or expanded facility exceeds the sum of Forty Million Dollars (\$40,000,000.00) with such construction commencing on or after July 1, 2005, and before December 31, 2005, and which at least fifty new full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, are added and maintained for a period of at least thirty-six (36) months as a direct result of the new or expanded facility.

For purposes of this paragraph, the total cost of construction shall include building and construction material and engineering and architectural fees or charges directly associated with the construction of a new or expanded facility. The total cost of construction shall not include attorney fees. For purposes of

subparagraph c of this paragraph, the total cost of construction shall also include the cost of qualified depreciable property as defined in Section 2357.4 of this title and labor services performed in the construction of an expanded facility. For the purpose of subparagraph d of this paragraph, the total cost of construction shall also include the cost of all parking, security and dock structures or facilities necessary to manage, process or secure vehicles used to receive and/or distribute groceries through such a facility. The employment requirement of this paragraph can be satisfied by the employment of a portion of the required number of new full-time-equivalent employees at a manufacturing or distribution facility that is related to or supported by the new or expanded manufacturing or distribution facility as long as both facilities are owned by one person or business entity. For purposes of this section, "manufacturing facility" shall mean building and land improvements used in manufacturing as defined in Section 1352 of this title and shall also mean building and land improvements used for the purpose of packing, repackaging, labeling or assembling for distribution to market, products at least seventy percent (70%) of which are made in Oklahoma this state by the same company but at an off-site, in-state manufacturing or distribution facility or facilities. It shall not include a retail outlet unless the retail outlet is operated in conjunction with and on the same site or premises as the manufacturing facility. Up to ten percent (10%) of

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the square feet of a manufacturing or distribution facility building may be devoted to office space used to provide clerical support for the manufacturing operation. Such ten percent (10%) may be in a separate building as long as it is part of the same contiguous tract of property on which the manufacturing or distribution facility is located. Only sales of tangible personal property made after June 1, 1988, shall be eligible for the exemption provided by this paragraph. The exemption authorized pursuant to subparagraph d of this paragraph shall only become effective when the governing body of the municipality in which the enterprise is located approves a resolution expressing the municipality's support for the construction for such new or expanded facility. Upon approval by the municipality, the municipality shall forward a copy of such resolution to the Oklahoma Tax Commission;

8. Sales of tangible personal property purchased and used by a licensed radio or television station in broadcasting. This exemption shall not apply unless such machinery and equipment is used directly in the manufacturing process, is necessary for the proper production of a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the machinery or equipment to operate would cause broadcasting to cease. This exemption begins with the equipment used in producing live programming or the electronic equipment directly behind the satellite receiving dish or antenna, and ends with the transmission of the broadcast signal from the broadcast antenna system. For

- purposes of this paragraph, "proper production" shall include, but
 not be limited to, machinery or equipment required by Federal
 Communications Commission rules and regulations;
 - 9. Sales of tangible personal property purchased or used by a licensed cable television operator in cablecasting. This exemption shall not apply unless such machinery and equipment is used directly in the manufacturing process, is necessary for the proper production of a cablecast signal or is such that the failure of the machinery or equipment to operate would cause cablecasting to cease. This exemption begins with the equipment used in producing local programming or the electronic equipment behind the satellite receiving dish, microwave tower or antenna, and ends with the transmission of the signal from the cablecast head-end system. For purposes of this paragraph, "proper production" shall include, but not be limited to, machinery or equipment required by Federal Communications Commission rules and regulations;
 - 10. Sales of packaging materials for use in packing, shipping or delivering tangible personal property for sale when sold to a producer of agricultural products. This exemption shall not apply to the sale of any packaging material which is ordinarily known as a returnable container;
 - 11. Sales of any pattern used in the process of manufacturing iron, steel or other metal castings. The exemption provided by this paragraph shall be applicable irrespective of ownership of the

- pattern, provided that such pattern is used in the commercial
 production of metal castings;
 - 12. Deposits or other charges made and which are subsequently refunded for returnable cartons, crates, pallets, and containers used to transport cement and cement products;
 - 13. Beginning January 1, 1998, machinery, electricity, fuels, explosives and materials, excluding chemicals, used in the mining of coal in this state;
 - 14. Deposits, rent or other charges made for returnable cartons, crates, pallets, and containers used to transport mushrooms or mushroom products from a farm for resale to the consumer or processor;
 - 15. Sales of tangible personal property and services used or consumed in all phases of the extraction and manufacturing of crushed stone and sand, including but not limited to site preparation, dredging, overburden removal, explosive placement and detonation, onsite material hauling and/or transfer, material washing, screening and/or crushing, product weighing and site reclamation; and
 - 16. Sale, use or consumption of paper stock and other raw materials which are manufactured into commercial printed material in this state primarily for use and delivery outside this state. For the purposes of this section, "commercial printed material" shall include magazines, catalogs, retail inserts and direct mail; and

1 17. Beginning on the effective date of this act and before January 1, 2039, sales of machinery and equipment including but not limited to servers and computers, racks, power distribution units, cabling, switchgear, transformers, substations, software, network equipment, and electricity used for commercial mining of digital assets in a colocation facility. As used in this paragraph: "blockchain technology" means shared or distributed a.

- data structures or digital ledgers governed by consensus protocols and maintained by peer-to-peer networks that:
 - (1) store digital transactions, and
 - (2) verify and secure transactions cryptographically,
- "colocation facility" means a facility or facilities, b. totaling not less than 50,000 square feet, located in this state and utilized in the commercial mining of digital assets or in hosting persons engaged in the commercial mining of digital assets through utilization of the facility's infrastructure, including servers and network hardware powered by internet bandwidth, electricity, and other services generally required for such mining operations. Provided, no facility shall qualify as a colocation

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1		facility unless the facility has entered into a load
2		reduction agreement with its retail electric supplier,
3	<u>C.</u>	"commercial mining of digital assets" means the
4		process through which blockchain technology is used to
5		mine digital assets at a colocation facility,
6	<u>d.</u>	"digital assets" means a type of virtual currency that
7		utilizes blockchain technology and that:
8		(1) can be digitally traded between users, or
9		(2) can be converted or exchanged for legal tender,
10	<u>e.</u>	"load reduction agreement" means an agreement wherein
11		the customer grants the retail electric supplier the
12		right, upon demand, to temporarily reduce or curtail
13		the customer's use of electric power in order to
14		respond to inclement weather or other adverse
15		conditions, and
16	<u>f.</u>	"mine" or "mining" means the process through which
17		blockchain transactions are verified and accepted by
18		adding the transactions to a blockchain ledger, which
19		involves solving complex and mathematical
20		cryptographic problems associated with a block
21		containing transaction data.
22	SECTION 4	. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.
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1	Passed the Senate the 9th day of March, 2023.
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4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2023.
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8	Presiding Officer of the House
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